

Annex I

Schedule of the Interchange Association

Reservations for Measures referred to
in paragraph 1 of Article 8

1. This Schedule sets out with respect to the Interchange Association, pursuant to paragraph 1 of Article 8, the existing measures that are not covered by the following provisions of this Arrangement:

- (a) Article 3;
- (b) Article 4; or
- (c) Article 7.

2. Each schedule entry sets out the following elements:

- (a) "Sector" refers to the general sector for which the entry is made;
- (b) "Sub-Sector" refers to the specific sector for which the entry is made;
- (c) "Industry Classification" refers, where applicable, and only for transparency purposes, to the activities covered by the entry according to the relevant industry classification codes. In this regard, "JSIC" means Japan Standard Industrial Classification set out by the Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications, and revised on November 6, 2007;
- (d) "Provisions Concerned" specifies the provisions referred to in paragraph 1 for which the entry is made;
- (e) "Level of Authority" indicates the level of the authorities maintaining the measure(s) for which the entry is made;
- (f) "Measures" identifies the existing laws, regulations or other measures for which the entry is made. A measure cited in the "Measures" element:
 - (i) means the measure as amended, continued, or renewed as of the date of entry into force of this Arrangement; and

- (ii) includes any subordinate measure adopted or maintained under the authority of and consistent with the measure; and

(g) "Description" illustrates, with regard to the provisions referred to in paragraph 1, the non-conforming aspects of the existing measures for which the entry is made.

3. In the interpretation of each entry, all elements of the entry shall be considered. Each entry shall be interpreted in the light of the relevant provisions of this Arrangement for which the entry is made. The "Measures" element shall prevail over all the other elements.

4. For the purposes of this schedule, when the term "foreign" is employed, it refers to something belonging to or coming from, or to characteristics of, other country or region than Japan.

1 Sector:	Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries (Plant Breeder's Right)	
Sub-Sector:		
Industry Classification:	JSIC 0119	Miscellaneous crop farming
	JSIC 0243	Tree seed gathering and forest nursery services
	JSIC 0413	Seaweed aquaculture
	JSIC 0415	Seed aquaculture
Provisions Concerned:	Article 3	
	Article 4	
Level of Authority:	Central Authority	
Measures:	Seeds and Seedlings Law (Law No. 83 of 1998), Article 10	
Description:	<p>A foreign person who has neither a domicile nor residence (nor the place of business, in the case of a legal person) in Japan cannot enjoy a plant breeder's right or related rights except in any of the following cases:</p> <p>(a) where the country or region of which the person is a national or citizen or the country or region in which the person has a domicile or residence (or its place of business, in the case of a legal person) is a contracting party to the International Convention for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants of December 2, 1961, as Revised at Geneva on November 10, 1972, on October 23, 1978, and on March 19, 1991;</p>	

(b) where the country or region of which the person is a national or citizen or the country or region in which the person has a domicile or residence (or its place of business, in the case of a legal person) is a contracting party to the International Convention for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants of December 2, 1961, as Revised at Geneva on November 10, 1972, and on October 23, 1978 (hereinafter referred to in this Annex as "the 1978 UPOV Convention"), or a country or region in relation with which Japan shall apply the 1978 UPOV Convention in accordance with paragraph (2) of Article 34 of the 1978 UPOV Convention, and further provides the protection for plant genus and species to which the person's applied variety belongs; or

(c) where the country or region of which the person is a national or citizen provides Japanese nationals with the protection of varieties under the same condition as its own nationals or citizens (including a country or region which provides such protection for Japanese nationals under the condition that Japan allows enjoyment of the plant breeder's right or related rights for the nationals or citizens of that country or region), and further provides the protection for plant genus and species to which the person's applied variety belongs.

2 Sector: Finance
Sub-Sector: Banking
Industry Classification: JSIC 622 Banks, except central bank
JSIC 631 Financial institutions for small-businesses
Provisions Concerned: Article 3
Level of Authority: Central Authority
Measures: Deposit Insurance Law (Law No. 34 of 1971), Article 2
Description: The deposit insurance system only covers financial institutions which have their head offices within the jurisdiction of Japan. The deposit insurance system does not cover deposits taken by branches of foreign banks.

3 Sector: Heat Supply

Sub-Sector:

Industry Classification: JSIC 3511 Heat supply

Provisions Concerned: Article 3

Level of Authority: Central Authority

Measures: Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law (Law No. 228 of 1949), Article 27

Cabinet Order on Foreign Direct Investment (Cabinet Order No. 261 of 1980), Article 3

Description: The prior notification requirement under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law applies to foreign investors who intend to make investments in heat supply industry in Japan.

4 Sector: Information and Communications

Sub-Sector: Telecommunications

Industry Classification: JSIC 3700 Head offices primarily engaged in managerial operations

JSIC 3711 Regional telecommunications, except wire broadcast telephones

JSIC 3731 Services incidental to telecommunications

Provisions Concerned: Article 3

Article 7

Level of Authority: Central Authority

Measures: Law Concerning Nippon Telegraph and Telephone Corporation (Law No. 85 of 1984), Articles 6 and 10

Description: 1. Nippon Telegraph and Telephone Corporation may not enter the name and address in its register of shareholders if the aggregate of the ratio of the voting rights directly and/or indirectly held by the persons set forth in subparagraphs (a) through (c) reaches or exceeds one third:

(a) a natural person who does not have Japanese nationality;

(b) a foreign government or authority or its representative; and

(c) a foreign legal person or a foreign entity.

2. Any natural person who does not have Japanese nationality may not assume the office of director or auditor of Nippon Telegraph and Telephone Corporation, Nippon Telegraph and Telephone East Corporation and Nippon Telegraph and Telephone West Corporation.

5 Sector: Information and Communications

Sub-Sector: Telecommunications and Internet Based Services

Industry Classification: JSIC 3711 Regional telecommunications, except wire broadcast telephones

JSIC 3712 Long-distance telecommunications

JSIC 3719 Miscellaneous fixed telecommunications

JSIC 3721 Mobile telecommunications

JSIC 401 Internet based services

Note: The activities covered by the reservation under JSIC 3711, 3712, 3719, 3721 or 401 are limited to the activities which are subject to the registration obligation under Article 9 of the Telecommunications Business Law (Law No. 86 of 1984).

Provisions Concerned: Article 3

Level of Authority: Central Authority

Measures: Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law (Law No. 228 of 1949), Article 27

Cabinet Order on Foreign Direct Investment (Cabinet Order No. 261 of 1980), Article 3

Description: The prior notification requirement under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law applies to foreign investors who intend to make investments in telecommunications business and internet based services in Japan.

6 Sector: Manufacturing

Sub-Sector: Drugs and Medicines Manufacturing

Industry Classification: JSIC 1653 Biological preparations

Provisions Concerned: Article 3

Level of Authority: Central Authority

Measures: Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law (Law No. 228 of 1949), Article 27

Cabinet Order on Foreign Direct Investment (Cabinet Order No. 261 of 1980), Article 3

Description: The prior notification requirement under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law applies to foreign investors who intend to make investments in biological preparations manufacturing industry in Japan. For greater certainty, "biological preparations manufacturing industry" deals with economic activities in an establishment which mainly produces vaccine, serum, toxoid, antitoxin and some preparations similar to the aforementioned products, or blood products.

7	Sector:	Manufacturing	
	Sub-Sector:	Leather and Leather Products Manufacturing	
	Industry Classification:	JSIC 1189	Textile apparel and accessories, n.e.c.
		JSIC 1694	Gelatine and adhesives
		JSIC 192	Rubber and plastic footwear and its findings
		JSIC 2011	Leather tanning and finishing
		JSIC 2021	Mechanical leather products, except gloves and mittens
		JSIC 2031	Cut stock and findings for boots and shoes
		JSIC 2041	Leather footwear
		JSIC 2051	Leather gloves and mittens
		JSIC 2061	Baggage
		JSIC 207	Handbags and small leather cases
		JSIC 2081	Fur skins
		JSIC 2099	Miscellaneous leather products
		JSIC 3253	Sporting and athletic goods
	Note 1: The activities covered by the reservation under JSIC 1189 or 3253 are limited to the activities related to leather and leather products manufacturing.		

Note 2: The activities covered by the reservation under JSIC 1694 are limited to the activities related to animal glue (nikawa) and gelatine manufacturing.

Provisions Concerned:

Article 3

Level of Authority:

Central Authority

Measures:

Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law (Law No. 228 of 1949), Article 27

Description:

Cabinet Order on Foreign Direct Investment (Cabinet Order No. 261 of 1980), Article 3

The prior notification requirement under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law applies to foreign investors who intend to make investments in leather and leather products manufacturing industry in Japan.

8 Sector: Matters Related to the
Nationality of a Ship

Sub-Sector:

Industry
Classification:

Provisions
Concerned: Article 3
Article 7

Level of
Authority: Central Authority

Measures: Ship Law (Law No. 46 of 1899),
Article 1

Description: The Japanese nationality shall
be given to a ship whose owner
is a Japanese national, or a
company established under
Japanese law, of which all the
representatives and not less
than two-thirds of the
executives administering the
affairs are Japanese nationals.

9 Sector: Mining

Sub-Sector:

Industry
Classification: JSIC 05 Mining and
quarrying of stone
and gravel

Provisions
Concerned: Article 3

Level of
Authority: Central Authority

Measures: Mining Law (Law No. 289 of
1950),
Chapters 2 and 3

Description: Only a Japanese national or a
Japanese legal person may have
mining rights or mining lease
rights.

10	Sector:	Oil Industry	
	Sub-Sector:		
	Industry Classification:	JSIC 053	Crude petroleum and natural gas production
		JSIC 1711	Petroleum refining
		JSIC 1721	Lubricating oils and greases (not made in petroleum refineries)
		JSIC 1741	Paving materials
		JSIC 1799	Miscellaneous petroleum and coal products
		JSIC 4711 warehousing	Ordinary
		JSIC 4721	Refrigerated warehousing
		JSIC 5331	Petroleum
		JSIC 6051	Petrol stations (gasoline service stations)
		JSIC 6052	Fuel stores, except gasoline service stations
		JSIC 9299	Miscellaneous business services, n.e.c.
	Note 1:	The activities covered by the reservation under JSIC 1741, 1799, 4711, 4721 or 6052 are limited to the activities related to oil industry.	
	Note 2:	The activities covered by the reservation under JSIC 9299 are limited to the activities related to liquefied petroleum gas industry.	

Provisions
Concerned:

Article 3

Level of
Authority:

Central Authority

Measures:

Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law (Law No. 228 of 1949), Article 27

Cabinet Order on Foreign Direct Investment (Cabinet Order No. 261 of 1980), Article 3

Description:

The prior notification requirement under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law applies to foreign investors who intend to make investments in oil industry in Japan. All organic chemicals such as ethylene, ethylene glycol and polycarbonates are outside the scope of the oil industry. Therefore, prior notification under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law is not required for the investments in the manufacture of these products.

11 Sector: Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries, and Related Services (except Fisheries within the Territorial Sea, Internal Waters, Exclusive Economic Zone and Continental Shelf provided for in the reservation No.6 in the Schedule of the Interchange Association in Annex II)

Sub-Sector:

Industry Classification:	JSIC 01	Agriculture
	JSIC 02	Forestry
	JSIC 03	Fisheries, except aquaculture
	JSIC 04	Aquaculture
	JSIC 6324	Agricultural cooperatives
	JSIC 6325	Fishery and fishery processing cooperatives
	JSIC 871	Agriculture, forestry and fisheries cooperative associations, n.e.c.

Provisions Concerned: Article 3

Level of Authority: Central Authority

Measures: Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law (Law No. 228 of 1949), Article 27

Cabinet Order on Foreign Direct Investment (Cabinet Order No. 261 of 1980), Article 3

Description: The prior notification requirement under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law applies to foreign investors who intend to make investments in agriculture, forestry and fisheries, and related services (except fisheries within the territorial sea, internal waters, exclusive economic zone and continental shelf provided for in the entry No. 6 in the Schedule of the Interchange Association in Annex II) in Japan.

12 Sector: Security Guard Services

Sub-Sector:

Industry Classification: JSIC 9231 Guard services

Provisions Concerned: Article 3

Level of Authority: Central Authority

Measures: Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law (Law No. 228 of 1949), Article 27

Cabinet Order on Foreign Direct Investment (Cabinet Order No. 261 of 1980), Article 3

Description: The prior notification requirement under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law applies to foreign investors who intend to make investments in security guard services in Japan.

13 Sector: Transport

Sub-Sector: Air Transport

Industry Classification: JSIC 4600 Head offices primarily engaged in managerial operations

JSIC 4611 Air transport

Provisions Concerned: Article 3

Article 4

Article 7

Level of Authority: Central Authority

Measures: Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law (Law No. 228 of 1949), Article 27

Cabinet Order on Foreign Direct Investment (Cabinet Order No. 261 of 1980), Article 3

Civil Aeronautics Law (Law No. 231 of 1952), Chapters 7 and 8

Description:

1. The prior notification requirement under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law applies to foreign investors who intend to make investments in air transport business in Japan.
2. Permission of the Minister of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism for conducting air transport business as a Japanese air carrier is not granted to the following natural persons or entities applying for the permission:
 - (a) a natural person who does not have Japanese nationality;
 - (b) a foreign country or region, or a foreign public entity or its equivalent;

- (c) a legal person or other entity constituted under the laws of any foreign country or region; and
- (d) a legal person represented by the natural persons or entities referred to in subparagraph (a), (b) or (c); a legal person of which more than one-third of the members of the board of directors are composed of the natural persons or entities referred to in subparagraph (a), (b) or (c); or a legal person of which more than one-third of the voting rights are held by the natural persons or entities referred to in subparagraph (a), (b) or (c).

In the event an air carrier falls into a natural person or an entity referred to in subparagraphs (a) through (d), the permission will lose its effect. The conditions for the permission also apply to companies, such as holding companies, which have substantial control over the air carriers.

3. A Japanese air carrier or a company having substantial control over such air carrier, such as a holding company, may reject the request from a natural person or an entity set forth in subparagraphs 2(a) through (c), who owns equity investments in such air carrier or company, to enter its name and address in the register of shareholders, in the event such air carrier or company falls into a legal person referred to in subparagraph 2(d) by accepting such request.

4. Foreign air carriers are required to obtain permission of the Minister of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism to conduct international air transport business.

5. Permission of the Minister of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism is required for the use of foreign aircraft for air transportation of passengers or cargoes to and from Japan for remuneration.

6. A foreign aircraft may not be used for a flight between points within Japan.

14 Sector: Transport

Sub-Sector: Air Transport

Industry Classification: JSIC 4600 Head offices primarily engaged in managerial operations

JSIC 4621 Aircraft service, except air transport

Provisions Concerned: Article 3

Article 7

Level of Authority: Central Authority

Measures: Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law (Law No. 228 of 1949), Article 27

Cabinet Order on Foreign Direct Investment (Cabinet Order No. 261 of 1980), Article 3

Civil Aeronautics Law (Law No. 231 of 1952), Chapters 7 and 8

Description: 1. The prior notification requirement under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law applies to foreign investors who intend to make investments in aerial work business in Japan.

2. Permission of the Minister of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism for conducting aerial work business is not granted to the following natural persons or entities applying for the permission:

(a) a natural person who does not have Japanese nationality;

(b) a foreign country or region, or a foreign public entity or its equivalent;

(c) a legal person or other entity constituted under the laws of any foreign country or region; and

(d) a legal person represented by the natural persons or entities referred to in subparagraph (a), (b) or (c); a legal person of which more than one-third of the members of the board of directors are composed of the natural persons or entities referred to in subparagraph (a), (b) or (c); or a legal person of which more than one-third of the voting rights are held by the natural persons or entities referred to in subparagraph (a), (b) or (c).

In the event a person conducting aerial work business falls into a natural person or an entity referred to in subparagraphs (a) through (d), the permission will lose its effect. The conditions for the permission also apply to companies, such as holding companies, which have substantial control over the person conducting aerial work business.

3. A foreign aircraft may not be used for a flight between points within Japan.

15 Sector: Transport

Sub-Sector: Air Transport (Registration of Aircraft in the National Register)

Industry Classification:

Provisions Concerned: Article 3
Article 7

Level of Authority: Central Authority

Measures: Civil Aeronautics Law (Law No. 231 of 1952), Chapter 2

Description:

1. An aircraft owned by any of the following natural persons or entities may not be registered in the national register:
 - (a) a natural person who does not have Japanese nationality;
 - (b) a foreign country or region, or a foreign public entity or its equivalent;
 - (c) a legal person or other entity constituted under the laws of any foreign country or region; and
 - (d) a legal person represented by the natural persons or entities referred to in subparagraph (a), (b) or (c); a legal person of which more than one-third of the members of the board of directors are composed of the natural persons or entities referred to in subparagraph (a), (b) or (c); or a legal person of which more than one-third of the voting rights are held by the natural persons or entities referred to in subparagraph (a), (b) or (c).
2. A foreign aircraft may not be registered in the national register.

16 Sector: Transport

Sub-Sector: Freight Forwarding Business (excluding freight forwarding business using air transportation)

Industry Classification: JSIC 4441 Collect-and-deliver freight transport
JSIC 4821 Deliver freight transport, except collect-and-deliver freight transport

Provisions Concerned: Article 3
Article 4
Article 7

Level of Authority: Central Authority

Measures: Freight Forwarding Business Law (Law No. 82 of 1989), Chapters 2 through 4

Enforcement Regulation of Freight Forwarding Business Law (Ministerial Ordinance of the Ministry of Transport No. 20 of 1990)

Description: The following natural persons or entities are required to be registered with, or to obtain permission or approval of, the Minister of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism for conducting freight forwarding business using international shipping. Such registration shall be made, or such permission or approval shall be granted, on the basis of reciprocity:

- (a) a natural person who does not have Japanese nationality;
- (b) a foreign country or region, or a foreign public entity or its equivalent;

- (c) a legal person or other entity constituted under the laws of any foreign country or region; and
- (d) a legal person represented by the natural persons or entities referred to in subparagraph (a), (b) or (c); a legal person of which more than one-third of the members of the board of directors are composed of the natural persons or entities referred to in subparagraph (a), (b) or (c); or a legal person of which more than one-third of the voting rights are held by the natural persons or entities referred to in subparagraph (a), (b) or (c).

17 Sector:	Transport	
Sub-Sector:	Freight Forwarding Business (only freight forwarding business using air transportation)	
Industry Classification:	JSIC 4441	Collect-and-deliver freight transport
	JSIC 4821	Deliver freight transport, except collect-and-deliver freight transport
Provisions Concerned:	Article 3	
	Article 4	
	Article 7	
Level of Authority:	Central Authority	
Measures:	Freight Forwarding Business Law (Law No. 82 of 1989), Chapters 2 through 4	
	Enforcement Regulation of Freight Forwarding Business Law (Ministerial Ordinance of the Ministry of Transport No. 20 of 1990)	
Description:	<p>1. The following natural persons or entities may not conduct freight forwarding business using air transportation between points within Japan:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) a natural person who does not have Japanese nationality; (b) a foreign country or region, or foreign public entity or its equivalent; (c) a legal person or other entity constituted under the laws of any foreign country or region; and 	

(d) a legal person represented by the natural persons or entities referred to in subparagraph (a), (b) or (c); a legal person of which more than one-third of the members of the board of directors are composed of the natural persons or entities referred to in subparagraph (a), (b) or (c); or a legal person of which more than one-third of the voting rights are held by the natural persons or entities referred to in subparagraph (a), (b) or (c).

2. The natural persons or entities referred to in subparagraphs 1(a) through (d) are required to be registered with, or to obtain permission or approval of, the Minister of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism for conducting freight forwarding business using international air transportation. Such registration shall be made, or such permission or approval shall be granted, on the basis of reciprocity.

18	Sector:	Transport
	Sub-Sector:	Railway Transport
	Industry Classification:	JSIC 421 Railway transport
		JSIC 4851 Railway facilities services
	Provisions Concerned:	Article 3
	Level of Authority:	Central Authority
	Measures:	Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law (Law No. 228 of 1949), Article 27
		Cabinet Order on Foreign Direct Investment (Cabinet Order No. 261 of 1980), Article 3
	Description:	The prior notification requirement under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law applies to foreign investors who intend to make investments in railway transport industry in Japan. The manufacture of vehicles, parts and components for the railway transport industry is not included in railway transport industry. Therefore, prior notification under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law is not required for the investments in the manufacture of these products.

19 Sector: Transport

Sub-Sector: Road Passenger Transport

Industry Classification: JSIC 4311 Common omnibus operators

Provisions Concerned: Article 3

Level of Authority: Central Authority

Measures: Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law (Law No. 228 of 1949), Article 27

Cabinet Order on Foreign Direct Investment (Cabinet Order No. 261 of 1980), Article 3

Description: The prior notification requirement under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law applies to foreign investors who intend to make investments in omnibus industry in Japan. The manufacture of vehicles, parts and components for omnibus industry is not included in omnibus industry. Therefore, prior notification under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law is not required for the investments in the manufacture of these products.

20 Sector: Transport

Sub-Sector: Water Transport

Industry Classification: JSIC 452 Coastwise transport

JSIC 453 Inland water transport

JSIC 4542 Coastwise ship leasing

Provisions Concerned: Article 3

Level of Authority: Central Authority

Measures: Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law (Law No. 228 of 1949), Article 27

Cabinet Order on Foreign Direct Investment (Cabinet Order No. 261 of 1980), Article 3

Description: The prior notification requirement under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law applies to foreign investors who intend to make investments in water transport industry in Japan. For greater certainty, "water transport industry" refers to oceangoing/seagoing transport, coastwise transport (i.e. maritime transport between ports within Japan), inland water transport and ship leasing industry. However, oceangoing/seagoing transport industry and ship leasing industry excluding coastwise ship leasing industry are exempted from the prior notification requirement.

21 Sector: Transport

Sub-Sector: Water Transport

Industry Classification:

Provisions Concerned: Article 3
Article 4

Level of Authority: Central Authority

Measures: Ship Law (Law No. 46 of 1899), Article 3

Description: Unless otherwise specified in the laws and regulations of Japan, or international agreements to which Japan is a party, ships not flying the Japanese flag are prohibited from entering Japanese ports which are not open to foreign commerce and from carrying cargoes or passengers between Japanese ports.

22 Sector: Water Supply and Waterworks

Sub-Sector:

Industry Classification: JSIC 3611 Water for end users, except industrial users

Provisions Concerned: Article 3

Level of Authority: Central Authority

Measures: Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law (Law No. 228 of 1949), Article 27

Cabinet Order on Foreign Direct Investment (Cabinet Order No. 261 of 1980), Article 3

Description: The prior notification requirement under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law applies to foreign investors who intend to make investments in water supply and waterworks industry in Japan.

Annex II

Schedule of the Interchange Association

Reservations for Measures referred to in paragraph 2 of Article 8

1. This Schedule sets out with respect to the Interchange Association, pursuant to paragraph 2 of Article 8, the reservations made by the Interchange Association with respect to specific sectors, sub-sectors or activities for which, the existing measures may be maintained, or new or more restrictive measures may be adopted that do not conform with the following provisions of this Arrangement:

- (a) Article 3;
- (b) Article 4; or
- (c) Article 7.

2. Each schedule entry sets out the following elements:

- (a) "Sector" refers to the general sector for which the entry is made;
- (b) "Sub-Sector" refers to the specific sector for which the entry is made;
- (c) "Industry Classification" refers, where applicable, and only for transparency purposes, to the activities covered by the entry according to the relevant industry classification codes. In this regard, "JSIC" means Japan Standard Industrial Classification set out by the Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications, and revised on November 6, 2007;
- (d) "Provisions Concerned" specifies the provisions referred to in paragraph 1 for which the entry is made;
- (e) "Description" illustrates the scope of the sector, sub-sector or activities covered by the entry; and
- (f) "Existing Measures" identifies, for transparency purposes, existing measures that apply to the sector, sub-sector or activities covered by the entry.

3. In the interpretation of each entry, all elements of the entry shall be considered. The "Description" element shall prevail over all the

other elements.

4. For the purposes of this schedule, when the term "foreign" is employed, it refers to something belonging to or confirm from, or to characteristics of, other country or region than Japan.

1	Sector:	All Sectors
	Sub-Sector:	
	Industry Classification:	
	Provisions Concerned:	Article 3
		Article 7
	Description:	When transferring or disposing of the equity interests in, or the assets of, a state enterprise or a governmental entity, (a) the ownership of such interests or assets by investors of the Taiwanese Side or their investments may be prohibited or restricted; (b) the ability of investors of the Taiwanese Side or their investments as owners of such interests or assets to control any resulting enterprise may be restricted; or (c) any measure relating to the nationality of executives, managers or members of the board of directors of any resulting enterprise may be adopted or maintained.
	Existing Measures:	

2 Sector: All Sectors

Sub-Sector:

Industry Classification:

Provisions Concerned: Article 3
Article 7

Description: In the event where the supply of telegraph services, postal services and betting and gambling services, manufacture of tobacco products, manufacture of Bank of Japan notes, minting and sale of coinage in Japan, which are restricted to designated enterprises or governmental entities, are liberalized to those other than the designated enterprises or governmental entities, or in the event where such designated enterprises or governmental entities no longer operate on a non-commercial basis, any measure relating to those activities may be adopted or maintained.

Existing Measures:

3 Sector: Aerospace Industry

Sub-Sector: Aircraft Industry
Space Industry

Industry Classification:

Provisions Concerned: Article 3
Article 7

Description: Any measure relating to investment in aircraft industry and space industry may be adopted or maintained.

Existing Measures: Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law (Law No. 228 of 1949), Articles 27 and 30

Cabinet Order on Foreign Direct Investment (Cabinet Order No. 261 of 1980), Articles 3 and 5

4 Sector: Arms and Explosives Industry

 Sub-Sector: Arms Industry

 Explosives Manufacturing Industry

Industry Classification:

Provisions Concerned: Article 3

 Article 7

Description: Any measure relating to investment in arms industry and explosives manufacturing industry may be adopted or maintained.

Existing Measures: Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law (Law No. 228 of 1949), Articles 27 and 30

 Cabinet Order on Foreign Direct Investment (Cabinet Order No. 261 of 1980), Articles 3 and 5

5 Sector: Energy

 Sub-Sector: Electricity Utility Industry

 Gas Utility Industry

 Nuclear Energy Industry

Industry Classification:

Provisions Concerned: Article 3

 Article 7

Description: Any measure relating to investment in the energy industry listed in the "Sub-Sector" element may be adopted or maintained.

Existing Measures: Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law (Law No. 228 of 1949), Articles 27 and 30

 Cabinet Order on Foreign Direct Investment (Cabinet Order No. 261 of 1980), Articles 3 and 5

6 Sector: Fisheries

Sub-Sector: Fisheries within the Territorial Sea, Internal Waters, Exclusive Economic Zone and Continental Shelf

Industry Classification:

JSIC 031	Marine fisheries
JSIC 032	Inland water fisheries
JSIC 041	Marine aquaculture
JSIC 042	Inland water aquaculture
JSIC 8093	Recreational fishing guide business

Provisions Concerned:

Article 3

Article 4

Article 7

Description:

Any measure relating to investment in fisheries in the territorial sea, internal waters, exclusive economic zone and continental shelf of Japan may be adopted or maintained.

For the purposes of this entry, the term "fisheries" means the work of taking and cultivation of aquatic resources, including the following fisheries related activities:

- (a) investigation of aquatic resources without taking such resources;
- (b) luring of aquatic resources;
- (c) preservation and processing of fish catches;
- (d) transportation of fish catches and fish products; and

(e) provision of supplies to other vessels used for fisheries.

Existing Measures:

Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law (Law No. 228 of 1949), Article 27

Cabinet Order on Foreign Direct Investment (Cabinet Order No. 261 of 1980), Article 3

Law for Regulation of Fishing Operation by Foreign Nationals (Law No. 60 of 1967), Articles 3, 4 and 6

Law concerning the Exercise of Sovereign Rights concerning Fisheries in the Exclusive Economic Zones (Law No. 76 of 1996), Articles 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 14

7 Sector: Information and Communications

Sub-Sector: Broadcasting Industry

Industry Classification:

JSIC 380	Establishments engaged in administrative or ancillary economic activities
JSIC 381	Public broadcasting, except cablecasting
JSIC 382	Private-sector broadcasting, except cablecasting
JSIC 383	Cablecasting

Provisions Concerned:

Article 3

Article 7

Description: Any measure relating to investment in broadcasting industry may be adopted or maintained.

Existing Measures:

Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law (Law No. 228 of 1949), Article 27

Cabinet Order on Foreign Direct Investment (Cabinet Order No. 261 of 1980), Article 3

Radio Law (Law No. 131 of 1950), Article 5

Broadcast Law (Law No. 132 of 1950), Articles 93, 116, 125, 159 and 161.

8 Sector: Land Transaction

Sub-Sector:

Industry Classification:

Provisions Concerned:

Article 3

Article 4

Description: With respect to the acquisition or lease of land properties in Japan, prohibitions or restrictions may be imposed by Cabinet Order on foreign nationals, citizens or legal persons, where Japanese nationals or legal persons are placed under identical or similar prohibitions or restrictions in the foreign country or region.

Existing Measures: Alien Land Law (Law No. 42 of 1925), Article 1

8 Sector: Matters Related to the
Nationality of a Ship

Sub-Sector:

Industry
Classification:

Provisions Article 3
Concerned:
Article 7

Level of Central Authority
Authority:

Measures: Ship Law (Law No. 46 of 1899),
Article 1

Description: The Japanese nationality shall
be given to a ship whose owner
is a Japanese national, or a
company established under
Japanese law, of which all the
representatives and not less
than two-thirds of the
executives administering the
affairs are Japanese nationals.